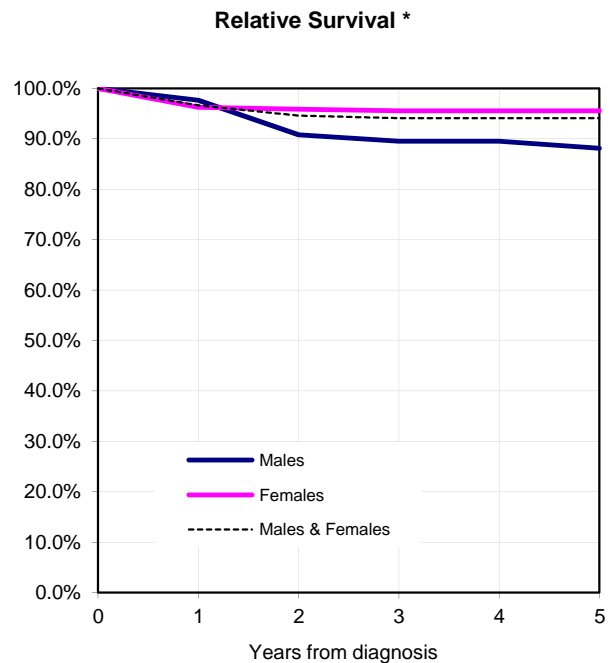
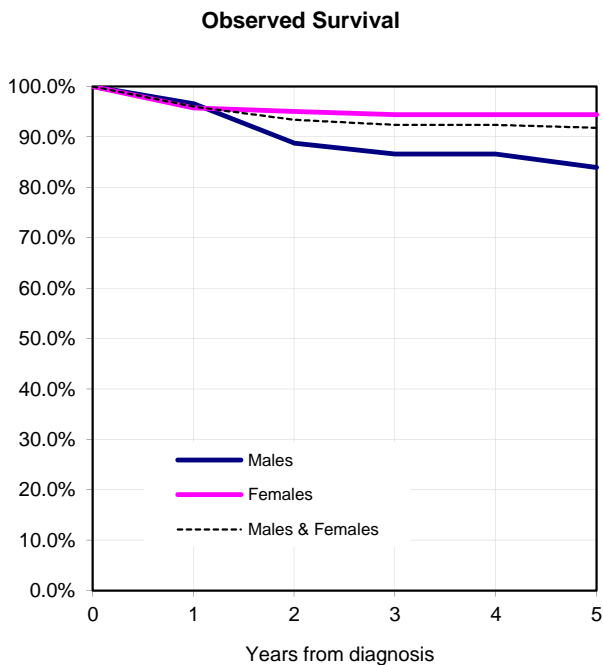


C73 THYROID

Ticino Cancer Registry

Analysis period: 2011-2015

	Years from diagnosis	Alive at start	Observed Survival	CI 95%	Relative Survival *	CI 95%
Males	1 year	67	96.6%	87.0% - 99.1%	97.7%	88.0% - 100.2%
	2 years	62	88.8%	76.6% - 94.8%	90.8%	78.4% - 96.9%
	3 years	46	86.6%	73.8% - 93.4%	89.5%	76.3% - 96.5%
	5 years	39	83.9%	70.1% - 91.7%	88.1%	73.6% - 96.3%
Females	1 year	166	95.8%	90.8% - 98.1%	96.2%	91.2% - 98.5%
	2 years	171	95.1%	89.9% - 97.6%	95.8%	90.7% - 98.4%
	3 years	160	94.4%	89.1% - 97.2%	95.6%	90.2% - 98.4%
	5 years	151	94.4%	89.1% - 97.2%	95.6%	90.2% - 98.4%
Males & Females	1 year	233	96.0%	92.2% - 98.0%	96.6%	92.8% - 98.6%
	2 years	233	93.4%	88.9% - 96.1%	94.6%	90.0% - 97.3%
	3 years	206	92.4%	87.7% - 95.3%	94.1%	89.3% - 97.1%
	5 years	190	91.8%	87.0% - 94.9%	94.1%^	89.3% - 97.1%



* Relative Survival probability was calculated as the ratio of the observed survival rate in the cancer patients under study to the expected survival rate in the general population with similar gender and age distribution (Ederer II method). Relative survival represents a proxy of the cancer-specific survival. The *period* approach was used to derive more up-to-date relative survival estimates (follow-up period window= 01.01.2011-31.12.2015).

^ For international comparison consider the 5-yr age-standardized relative survival probability rate (Corazziari I. et al., EJC 2004): (M&F) 90.1% (CI 95%: 85.0% - 95.4%).